

Introduction – Gaming Music

Watch the introductory film. Did you recognise this music? The gaming industry is now larger than the movie, television, and music industries combined! By the end of 2024, it was estimated that over 3 billion people participate in gaming.

What can we learn from Laura about the features of effective music for games? Tick all of the statements below that you think are true:

- Short, memorable melodies
- Music that can be listened to on repeat
- Music that doesn't distract you from the game
- Music that suits the mood and characters in the game
- Different styles to reflect different stages / levels of the game

You are right – all of these are important features of effective gaming music!

Laura describes the game as 'creepy, cute, and funny'. Listen to what she says in the interview from 02:20, and match up the technique she uses with the mood she wants to capture:

Creepy	Mixing in beats from different genres (styles)
Cute	Instruments and techniques associated with 'darker' things
Funny	Simple but catchy melodies

The clever use of musical features can really change the mood and impact of the music. Here are some more details on how you could create different musical moods:

Creating a Villain	woodwind instruments		
	piano (quiet) dynamics		
	staccato (detached) articulation		
	low-pitched sounds		
	melodies using notes that are close together – e.g. chromatic scales		
Creating a Hero	Brass and percussion instruments		
	forte (loud) dynamics		
	major chords		
	melodies using notes that are far apart – e.g. leaping up 4 or 5 notes		
Creating tension /	String instruments		
spooky / peril	piano (quiet) dynamics		
	legato (smooth) articulation		
	high-pitched sounds		
	trills and ostinatos (repeating patterns)		

You will need this information to plan the music for your own game! Listen to the performance of 'Grasswalk' and see if you can notice how Laura uses different instruments, dynamics, and articulation to suit the different moods found in the game.



Gaming Music – creating characters

1. Create your hero. They should be a small character who lives in a forest world. Draw the character and fill in their profile information – including their musical information.

		Name	·			
		Specie	es			
		Weap	on (one throv	vn object only, e	e.g. apple)	
		Circle	the musical	features that w	ould suit your	character:
Tempo (speed):	٧	ery slow	slow	moderate	fast	very fast
Dynamics (volu	me): v	ery quiet	quiet	moderate	loud	very loud
Articulation:	staccato (s	piky / detacł	ned sounds)	legato (smo	oth / connect	ed sounds)
Melody:	high-pit	ched	middle rang	e low-p	itched	
Кеу:	major (b	right, happy-	sounding)	minor (dark, s	ad-sounding)	
Which instrument would suit your character?						

2. Create your villain. They should be a large character who is alien to the forest world. Draw the character and fill in their profile information – including their musical information.

Name
Species
Weapon/s
Circle the musical features that would suit your character:

Tempo (speed):		very slow	slow	moderate	fast	very fast
Dynamics (volur	me):	very quiet	quiet	moderate	loud	very loud
Articulation:	staccato	(spiky / detac	hed sounds)	legato (smoo	oth / conne	ected sounds)
Melody:	high-µ	bitched	middle range	e low-pit	ched	
Кеу:	major	(bright, happy-	-sounding)	minor (dark, sa	d-soundin	g)
Which instrument would suit your character?						



Gaming Music – creating a soundtrack

You now need the background music for your levels. Background music is called an **underscore**. This will often be a repeating pattern that matches the mood and the action, but doesn't distract from the game. The word for a repeating musical pattern is **ostinato**.

Turn these musical patterns into **ostinatos** by copying the patterns of notes three times (into the empty bars).







Now imagine a scene to suit each ostinato, based on the information about the music. Jot down your ideas about what these scenes could look like, who might be there, and what might happen.

Ostinato 1: Low-pitched, which could indicate a large size. **Staccato** (detached), which could sound playful. A **steady pulse** that sounds like steps. Big **leaps** between notes, that could indicate something clumsy or funny.

Ostinato 2: High-pitched, which could indicate something small or delicate. **Legato** (smooth), which could sound graceful and elegant. **Three** beats in a bar, which could feel calm and relaxed. A **major** key, that would sound bright and happy.

Ostinato 3: Low-pitched. Accented (played heavily), which could sound aggressive. Five beats in a bar, which could feel tense. Flats (*b*) and sharps (#) adjust the pitch up or down for unpredictability.



<u> Grasswalk – Quiz Time</u>

The first letter of the answer to each question can be rearranged to reveal a person with an important musical role. Can you work out the hidden word?

1.	A member of the woodwind family (<i>4 letters</i>):
2.	A musical sound or symbol (4):
3.	A large ensemble (group) of musicians (<i>9</i>) :
4.	Background music that accompanies a scene (<i>9</i>):
5.	The scale that can be used for a villainous melody (<i>9</i>):
6.	The highest-pitched brass instrument (7):
7.	Percussion players use this to play funky beats (4/3): / /
8.	A low-pitched string instrument (5):
9.	What is an ostinato? (9): A musical pattern
The hid	dden person is:
HINT-	they use a baton!

Grasswalk - Creative Responses

COMPOSING – Put some of your ideas for characters and underscores to the test, by recording them into music software such as Garage Band, BandLab, or Chrome Song Maker.

PROGRAMMING / DIGITAL ART – Create your own game or characters for a game using software at school such as Scratch, or create on your own scenes / levels in games you play at home. On paper or in the space below, create a poster to advertise the game you have created:

RESEARCH / PRESENTATION – Find out more about Laura Shigihara, and other successful composers of gaming music, including Jessica Curry, Lena Raine, and Michiru Yamane. Present your findings as a poster, as a spoken presentation, or written down in the form of an interview.