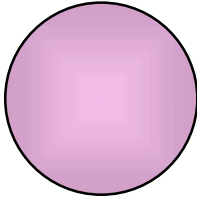


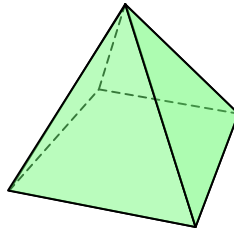
## Three-dimensional shapes

Three-dimensional or **3D** shapes are sometimes called **solid** shapes. The mathematical name for shapes with straight edges and faces is **polyhedron**.

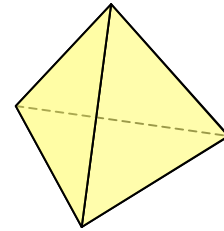
Some common 3D shapes include **cylinders**, **cubes** and **cuboids**. But there are many other shapes that you may come across in maths and in everyday life:



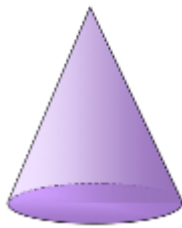
**Sphere**  
A perfectly round solid.



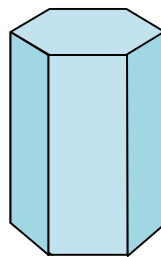
**Pyramid**  
Square based.



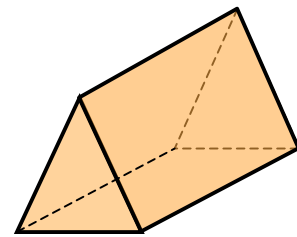
**Pyramid**  
Triangular based pyramid or tetrahedron.



**Cone**  
A circular base.

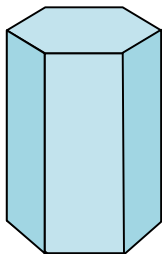


**Hexagonal prism**

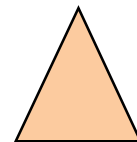
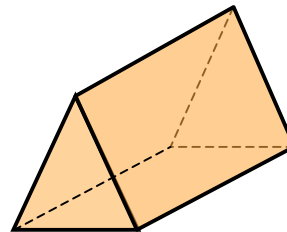


**Triangular prism**

**Prisms** have constant **cross sections** along the length so you could cut a slice anywhere in the shape and they would remain the same.



**Hexagonal prisms** have hexagons as cross sections.



**Triangular prisms** have triangles as cross sections.

Notice that pyramids do not have constant cross sections.