

**Addition activities - answers**

A.

There are many times when you want to add. You might:

- count numbers of items and add up
- find a total of a supermarket bill or similar
- top up the time on a mobile phone
- add together weights of items to check a total weight
- use addition to find the change from a bill when giving a note

There are many others. What did you think of?

B.

**Always**

**2. Adding two or more even numbers together gives an even number**  
 All even numbers (numbers that divide exactly by 2) can be broken down into a set of twos, eg  $4 = 2 + 2$ ,  $6 = 2 + 2 + 2$ .  
 So when you add two even numbers together you will just get a longer string of twos (eg  $4 + 8 = 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2$ ).  
 This means that the total will always be even.

**Sometimes**

**1. Adding two or more odd numbers together gives an odd number**  
 Adding two odd numbers gives an even number.  
 Adding three odd numbers will give an odd number.  $3 + 5 + 7 = 15$   
 So sometimes true.

**3. Adding two whole numbers, each with 3 digits, gives another 3 digit number**  
 Examples:  $111 + 222 = 333$   
 But  $500 + 500 = 1,000$   
 So sometimes true.

**4. Adding two whole numbers, each with 3 digits, gives a 4 digit number**  
 Examples:  $500 + 500 = 1,000$   
 But  $100 + 100 = 200$   
 So sometimes true.

**6. Adding two numbers rounded to the nearest 10 gives the answer rounded to the nearest 10**  
 This may be difficult to see.  
 An example where it is true :       $202 + 107 = 309$  (309 rounds to 310)  
 Rounded:                                       $200 + 110 = 310$   
 An example where it is not true:       $206 + 106 = 312$  (312 rounds to 310)  
 Rounded:                                       $210 + 110 = 320$   
 So sometimes true.

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Never

**5. Adding three whole numbers, each with 2 digits, gives a 4 digit number**

The largest 2 digit number is 99. Adding three of these gives 297 which still only has three digits. So never true.