



## Using past and present tenses

The **-ed** ending is the usual ending for verbs in the **past** tense. For example:

- want + ed = wanted
- pick + ed = picked
- look + ed = looked

But there are exceptions (known as **irregular verbs**):

present	past
is	was
eat	ate
do	did
go	went
have	had

In the **present** tense, verbs also change with different **subjects** (the people doing something).

I **love** films. We **love** films. They **love** films.

But Sara **loves** films.

We add 's' when the subject is **he**, **she**, **it** or a **single noun** (a person, place or thing).

For example:

- A joiner **works** with wood.
- York **attracts** many visitors.
- The door **creaks**.
- It **feels** cold today.