



## Finding the noun

A **noun** can be something you can see (concrete): a person, a place, a thing, for example

- Person: **the postman, a teacher, Tom, a neighbour.**
- Place: **a village, England, Edinburgh, a street, a park.**
- Thing: **a box, a banana, a computer.**

Or it can be an idea or a concept (abstract), for example:

**beauty, information, importance, community**

Abstract nouns often have 'noun endings':

**construction, appearance, ability, instrument**

The **subject** of a sentence is always a noun:

The **park** is near my house. ('Park' goes with the verb 'is'.)

The **object** of the sentence is also a noun:

I like **chocolate**. ('Chocolate' is not doing the liking, it is liked.)

A noun often comes after a preposition (in, on, at, of, by, to, etc):

Mike learnt two languages at **school**.

Sam is very interested in **history**.

The postbox is at the **end** of the **street**.